

Math 211 - 2015S - W11 - Wed

Pg 1

Definite integral as an average.

Suppose we want to average a function. We could average values

$$\text{Average} \approx \frac{f(t_1) + f(t_2) + f(t_3) + \dots + f(t_n)}{n}$$

Let's say the t -values are equally spaced in the interval $0 \leq t \leq 24$

$$\Delta t = 24/n \quad \text{so} \quad n = 24/\Delta t$$

$$\text{Average} \approx \frac{f(t_1) + f(t_2) + \dots + f(t_n)}{24/\Delta t}$$

$$= \frac{f(t_1)\Delta t + f(t_2)\Delta t + \dots + f(t_n)\Delta t}{24}$$

$$= \frac{1}{24} \sum_{i=1}^n f(t_i)\Delta t \quad \leftarrow \text{Right handed Riemann Sum}$$

The average of the function on the interval $0 \leq t \leq 24$ is the limit of the Riemann sum as $n \rightarrow \infty$ OR

$$\frac{1}{24} \int_0^{24} f(x) dx$$

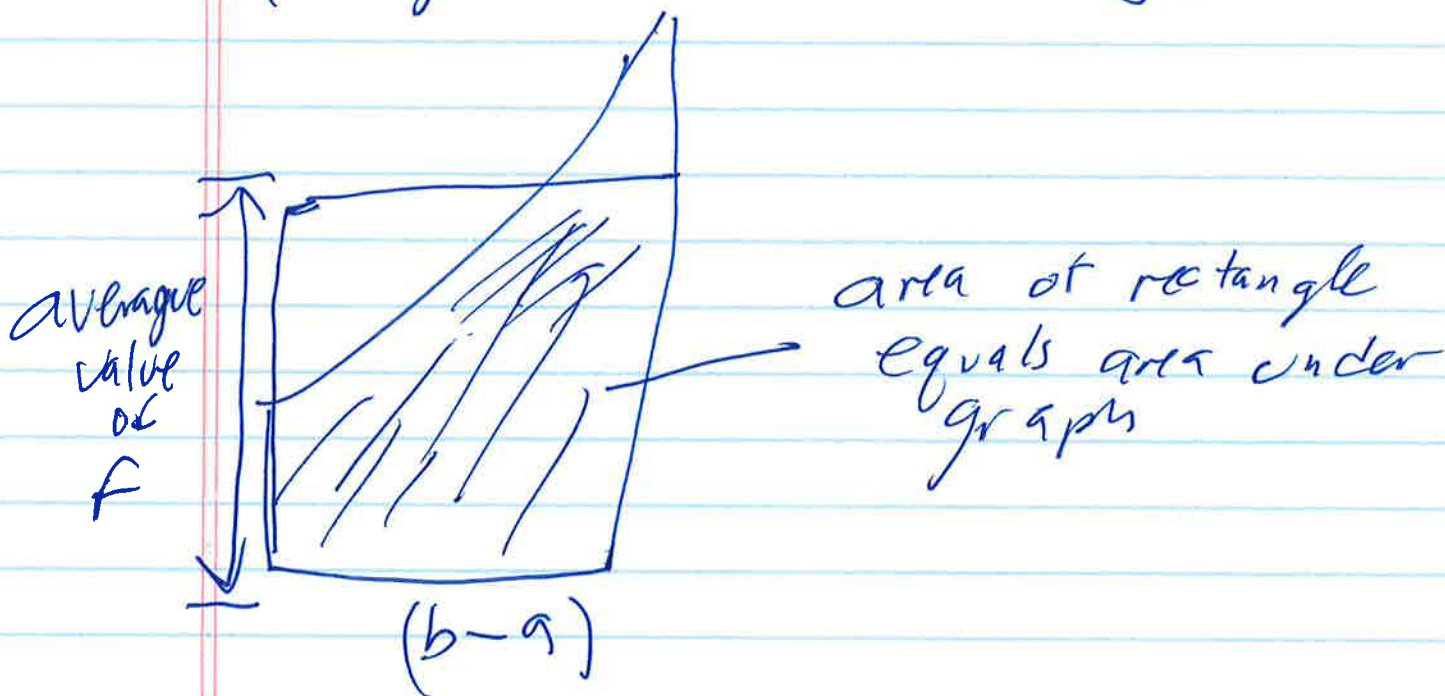
more generally

Average value of f
on the interval from a to b

$$= \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) dx$$

Visualizing on graph

$$(\text{Average value of } f)(b-a) = \int_a^b f(x) dx$$



The population of McAllen, TX can be modeled by the function

$$P = f(t) = (570)(1.037)^t$$

where P is in thousands of people and t is years since 2000

Predict the average population of McAllen between 2020 and 2040

$$\frac{1}{40-20} \int_{20}^{40} 570 (1.037)^t$$

$$\frac{570}{20} \left. \frac{(1.037)^t}{\ln(1.037)} \right|_{20}^{40}$$

$$\frac{570}{20 \ln(1.037)} [1.037^{40} - 1.037^{20}]$$

$$= 1732.81$$